Echo – feedback from callers, victims, residents and employees

Using a platform to capture and analyse large volumes of customer feedback, gathered through conversational SMS and a bespoke website.

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Key details

Does it work?	Untested – new or innovative
Focus	Organisational
Торіс	Anti-social behaviour Community engagement Digital Neighbourhood crime Organisation including workforce
Organisation	Hertfordshire Constabulary
HMICFRS inspection report	PEEL 2021/22: Police effectiveness, efficiency and legitimacy – An inspection of Hertfordshire Constabulary
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Key details

Partners	Community safety partnership Criminal justice (includes prisons, probation services)
Stage of practice	The practice is implemented.
Start date	January 2020
Scale of initiative	Local
Target group	General public Victims Workforce

Aim

The main aims of Echo are to:

- receive and operationalise feedback from anybody who lives, works, studies, or travels in Hertfordshire
- make victim feedback a part of everyday policing
- make victim feedback an essential part of service delivery
- · learn and adapt from the voice of the victim
- address victim concerns regarding a lack of communication

Intended outcome

The intended outcomes of Echo are to:

- have a platform that tells the police, in a customer's own words, what matters most
- receive feedback from a vast range of groups
- develop insight into areas and topics of negative customer sentiment
- spot emerging trends
- develop new community initiatives

• celebrate success

Description

Echo invites automated feedback from:

- 101 and 999 callers
- victims of crime and anti-social behaviour
- anybody who lives, works, studies or travels in Hertfordshire

Echo asks four feedback questions. These are sent via an automated text message (SMS) or an internal telephone bureau for those who do not have a mobile phone.

Echo then uses advanced natural language processing to understand the opinion of customers. Echo matches the negative or positive response to the topic that the customer is talking about. This process allows for verbatim insights to surface and be addressed.

Victim feedback is managed using a dedicated dashboard in the force Victim Service Team. The Victim Service Team aims to directly address any questions or concerns conveyed through victim feedback within 48 hours.

Where victims don't have a method to digitally connect and provide feedback, an in-house team of telephone researchers calls them and asks for their feedback.

Feedback is solicited across all major touchpoints of the force. These include the force control room, Local Policing Command, Safer Neighbourhood Teams, Safeguarding and Offender Management.

Echo seeks feedback from more than 70 incident and crime/non-crime types, including anti-social behaviour, via fully automated, quick and 'in-the-moment' feedback. This feedback surfaces insights to be addressed.

Echo was a finalist of three National Customer Engagement Awards in 2022. It has been recognised by His Majesty's Inspectorate of Constabulary and Fire & Rescue Services (HMICFRS) as 'innovative' in a recent PEEL (police effectiveness, efficiency and legitimacy) 2023 inspection.

Overall impact

Echo has had the following impact so far.

- 133,000 items of feedback have been received.
- Half of the population of Hertfordshire have received an invite from the police asking for feedback on the service provided.
- Echo has evidenced the crimes where satisfaction is notably lower than other crime types (such as anti-social behaviour).
- Echo has allowed the development of additional services to meet victims' needs such as a new service that has kept more than 18,000 callers and victims updated on actions, including antisocial behaviour victims, via SMS.
- 96% of victim feedback has been reviewed and where appropriate, action taken.
- More than 2,500 officers have received a copy of positive feedback from Echo, directly into their inbox.
- 454 call handlers have received feedback from callers.
- To date, there are 21 operational, real-time dashboards. These operate 24 hours a day, seven days a week across the force, where feedback is reviewed and actioned by a wide variety of policing teams.
- More than 4,000 residents have fed back to the force on how safe they feel, and where, why and what can be done to make them feel safer.
- Feedback has been shared with local partner agencies, along with action plans developed and a 'YouSaidWeDid' campaign to keep residents informed of planned actions.
- The introduction of Echo has enabled us to leverage customer insights in new ways from bespoke anti-social behaviour initiatives, closure orders and drug warrants, feelings of safety, engagement, and action, through to automated victim updates and the celebration of positive feedback.
- Echo has also led to the development of victim personas specifically for burglary, anti-social behaviour, violence against person and vehicle crime. The personas are derived purely from victim sentiment. They are aligned via a framework of the four Rs (respond, resolve, recover, reassure). These provide a visual aid to help officers understand and meet the need of the victim. The burglary persona has recently been embedded into local policing guardian plans, which are facilitated and trained by the detective inspectors.

Learning

Key learning points are as follows.

- Involve the whole organisation, not just the top of the hierarchy. We spent 12 months engaging with more than 1,800 officers and staff on what they thought and what they wanted from a project like this. Taking an inclusive, consultative approach and involving the front line was a key part of the discovery phase of the project. This helped to embed Echo when we finally went live.
- 2. Look for inspiration from the private sector. Feedback is a critical part of their business and the police are no different. We used inspiration from JD Sports, Virgin Media, Sky, DPD, Apple, NatWest and Costa to develop the many strands of Echo and its messaging. An important aspect of Echo is to demonstrably behave like a service provider, differentiating the Echo brand from being a police proposition alone.
- 3. Develop an instantly recognisable brand that feedback is connected to. We developed a marketing plan, brand guidelines, a fresh logo and assigned a name to the new product. The organisational narrative refers to the brand name rather than just 'feedback'. This has provided a strong identity to Echo and has helped with the messaging in that Echo isn't a 'survey platform' it's an insight platform.
- Give ownership and accountability of the feedback to the respective business area. This
 has transferred feedback from an analytical, spreadsheet style of product owned by a 'team who
 work at HQ' to a live, real-time and 'operationalised' programme of work.
- 5. Make customer experience (CX) an integral part of the service delivery profile by linking to existing internal management information. This has helped to remove cultural barriers that feedback and CX is a 'nice-to-have'. Feedback has become embedded alongside internal key performance indicators. This process has challenged the way the organisation views performance (from an organisational centric perspective).
- 6. Celebrate the positives. Not all feedback is negative. Learn from what we do well and breed a culture of positive service behaviour.
- Move away from just numbers, answer the 'why' and act. The development of personas a common marketing technique used to profile and identify needs has helped the organisation to understand visually how we can meet the needs of a wide range of nuanced victim types. Reaching a vast audience on the scale of Echo has allowed us to segment our customers, develop deep insights and target areas where it's needed the most.
- 8. Look at conversion rates. Feedback of this scale, and sent when the victim is most emotionally engaged, is an element we constantly monitor and tweak. We've learned the best time and day for converting an invite for feedback, depending on the customer segment.

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Tags

Information communication technology (ICT) Neighbourhood policing Community engagement Engagement and communication